# Shell Gadus S2 V220 00

Version 1.0

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#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name : Shell Gadus S2 V220 00

Product code : 001D8449

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	:	Shell Markets (Middle East) Limited Level 3, The Offices 4, One Central Dubai World Trade Center P.O.BOX307 Dubai United Arab Emirates
Telephone	:	(+971) 800035704494
Telefax	:	(+971) 43321591
Emergency telephone number	:	+32 3 575 55 55
Recommended use of the ch	en	nical and restrictions on use
Recommended use	:	Automotive and industrial grease.

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

#### Label elements

Safety data sheet available on request.

Hazard pictograms Signal word	<ul> <li>No Hazard Symbol required</li> <li>No signal word</li> </ul>
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under CLP criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as environmental hazard according to CLP criteria.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	: <b>Prevention:</b> No precautionary phrases. <b>Response:</b> No precautionary phrases. <b>Storage:</b> No precautionary phrases.

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	<b>Disposal:</b> No precautionary phrases.	
Sensitising components	: Contains alkyl thiadiazole. Contains Bismuth Naphthenate. Contains naphthenic acid. Contains Zinc Naphthenate May produce an allergic reaction.	

#### Other hazards

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used grease may contain harmful impurities. High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (% w/w)
Bismuth Naphthenate	85736-59-0	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	0,1 - 0,99
Naphthenic acid	1338-24-5	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	0,1 - 0,99
Zinc naphthenate	12001-85-3	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	0,1 - 0,99
Alkyl thiadiazole	13539-13-4	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	0 - < 0,09

#### Hazardous components

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For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES		
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
		Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.
		High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of foreign material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and wide exploration is essential.

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 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
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	y or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon arth may be used for small fires only.
o not use water i	in a jet.
complex mixture ases (smoke). arbon monoxide ccurs.	istion products may include: e of airborne solid and liquid particulates and may be evolved if incomplete combustion nic and inorganic compounds.
• •	measures that are appropriate to local d the surrounding environment.
oves are to be w rge contact with reathing Apparat confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant vorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to s (e.g. Europe: EN469).
di : D : H : A ga C : Q : C : C : C : C : C : C : C : C : C :	<ul> <li>dioxide, sand or e</li> <li>Do not use water i</li> <li>Hazardous combu A complex mixture gases (smoke).</li> <li>Carbon monoxide occurs.</li> <li>Unidentified organ</li> <li>Use extinguishing circumstances and</li> <li>Proper protective gloves are to be w large contact with Breathing Apparata a confined space.</li> </ul>

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
Additional advice	<ul> <li>For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> <li>For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> </ul>

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	<ul> <li>Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.</li> <li>Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine</li> </ul>

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	appropriate controls for safe handling, s this material.	storage and disposal of
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact wi Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safet worn and proper handling equipment si Properly dispose of any contaminated r materials in order to prevent fires.	y footwear should be hould be used.
Avoidance of contact :	Strong oxidising agents.	
Storage		
Other data :	Keep container tightly closed and in a c place. Use properly labeled and closable cont	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material :	Suitable material: For containers or consteel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ntainer linings, use mild
Container Advice :	Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk	

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods

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http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deuts http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/inde	HSE), UK: Methods for the Determinat schen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung ex.jsp ne et de Securité, (INRS), France http:/	(IFA) , Germany
Engineering measures	<ul> <li>The level of protection and types of vary depending upon potential exp controls based on a risk assessme Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airl Where material is heated, sprayed greater potential for airborne cond</li> </ul>	bosure conditions. Select ent of local circumstances. borne concentrations. d or mist formed, there is
	<ul> <li>General Information:</li> <li>Define procedures for safe handlin controls.</li> <li>Educate and train workers in the h measures relevant to normal activ product.</li> <li>Ensure appropriate selection, test equipment used to control exposu equipment, local exhaust ventilation Drain down system prior to equipm maintenance.</li> <li>Retain drain downs in sealed stora subsequent recycle.</li> <li>Always observe good personal hy washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routine protective equipment to remove or contaminated clothing and footwe Practice good housekeeping.</li> </ul>	ng and maintenance of nazards and control rities associated with this ing and maintenance of ire, e.g. personal protective on. ment break-in or age pending disposal or rgiene measures, such as material and before eating, ely wash work clothing and ontaminants. Discard ar that cannot be cleaned.

### Personal protective equipment

#### **Protective measures**

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

	Respiratory protection	Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.
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	appropriate combination of mask Select a filter suitable for the com and vapours and particles [Type A (149°F)].	bination of organic gases
Hand protection Remarks	: Where hand contact with the proc gloves approved to relevant stand US: F739) made from the followin suitable chemical protection. PVC gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and duratio resistance of glove material, dexte from glove suppliers. Contaminate replaced. Personal hygiene is a k care. Gloves must only be worn o gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed mo	dards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ag materials may provide c, neoprene or nitrile rubber a glove is dependent on on of contact, chemical erity. Always seek advice ed gloves should be ey element of effective hand n clean hands. After using and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recom breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we re recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this c time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follor a good predictor of glove resistan dependent on the exact composit Glove thickness should be typical depending on the glove make and	40 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For ecommend the same but ering this level of protection ase a lower breakthrough s appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is not ce to a chemical as it is ion of the glove material. ly greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it of protective eyewear is recommend	
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily re work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemic</li> </ul>	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure co	ontrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to full	•

General advice
 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

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### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Semi-solid at ambient temperature.	
Colour	: brown	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
Drop point	: >= 165 °C / >= 329 °F Method: Unspecified	
Melting / freezing point	Not applicable	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Data not available	
Flash point	: Not applicable	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0,5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 1,000 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 1.000 kg/m3 (15,0 °C / 59,0 °F) Method: Unspecified	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)	
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable	

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Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	a static accumulator.

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.	
Chemical stability	: Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.	

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

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Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

Naphthenic acid: Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification	
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### Reproductive toxicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - single exposure

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### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute :	
toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I
	Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute :	
toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
	Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 m Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the	ng/l classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available are not met.	data, the classification criteria
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available are not met.	data, the classification criteria
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Based on available are not met.	data, the classification criteria
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegr inherently biodegradable, but persist in the environment.	adable., Major constituents are contains components that may
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains component bioaccumulate.	nts with the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (basec products)	d on information on similar
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	<ul> <li>Remarks: Semi-solid under m it enters soil, it will adsorb to s mobile.</li> <li>Remarks: Floats on water.</li> </ul>	nost environmental conditions., If soil particles and will not be
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	<ul> <li>Does not have ozone depletic ozone creation potential or gle is a mixture of non-volatile co released to air in any significa conditions of use.</li> <li>Poorly soluble mixture., Caus organisms.</li> <li>Mineral oil does not cause ch organisms at concentrations I</li> </ul>	obal warming potential., Product mponents, which will not be ant quantities under normal es physical fouling of aquatic ronic toxicity to aquatic

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#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
	MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks :	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **International Regulations**

ADR Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

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 Special precautions for user
 Remarks
 : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

#### Other international regulations

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

REACH	:	Not all components listed.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Chronic Eye Irrit. Skin Irrit.	Acute toxicity _ong-term (chronic) aquatic hazard Eye irritation Skin irritation Skin sensitisation
Abbreviations and Acrony	<ul> <li>The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.</li> </ul>
SDS Regulation	: Regulation 1907/2006/EC
Further information	
Other information	: A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.