According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Shell Tellus S2 M 46

| /ersion I.9 | Revision Date: 06/22/2023 | SDS Number: 800001005120 | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------|
| SECTION | 1. IDENTIFICATION | | |
| Produ | uct name | : Shell Tellus S2 | 2 M 46 |
| Produ | uct code | : 001D7744 | |
| Manu | ufacturer or supplier | 's details | |
| Manu | facturer/Supplier | : Shell Oil Prod PO Box 4427 Houston TX 7 USA | |
| SDS Request Customer Service | | : (+1) 877-276-7 : | 285 |
| Emei | rgency telephone nu | mber | |
| Spill I | Information | : 877-242-7400 | |
| Healt | h Information | : 877-504-9351 | |
| Reco | mmended use of the | e chemical and restric | ctions on use |
| Deee | mmended use | : Hydraulic oil | |

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

| : | No Hazard Symbol required |
|---|---|
| : | No signal word |
| : | PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria. |
| : | Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. |
| | : : |

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Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Substance / Mixture | : | Mixture |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Chemical nature | | Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regula- tion (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L). |
| | | * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8, 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5. |

Hazardous components

| Chemical name | Synonyms | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---|----------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Interchangeable low | | Not Assigned | 0 - 90 |
| viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) * | | | |
| (<20,5 031 @40 0) | | | |

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

| In case of skin contact | : | Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| | | When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds. |
| In case of eye contact | : | Flush eye with copious quantities of water. |

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| | | | | rinsing. | enses, if present and easy to do. Continue on occurs, obtain medical attention. | |
| I | If swallowed | | : | In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice. | | |
| á | Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | | : | Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection. | | |
| F | Protection of first-aiders | | : | When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. | | |
| r | Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | | : | Treat symptomation | cally. | |
| | | | | vention and possil age and loss of fu Because entry wo ousness of the un determine the external anaesthetics or ho can contribute to s surgical decompre- eign material should | ection injuries require prompt surgical inter- bly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- nction. unds are small and do not reflect the seri- derlying damage, surgical exploration to ent of involvement may be necessary. Local ot soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- oration is essential. | |

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
|---|---|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | Do not use water in a jet. |
| Specific hazards during fire- fighting | : | Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. |
| Specific extinguishing meth- ods | : | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : | Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if |

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large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures | | Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |
|---|---|--|
| Environmental precautions | : | Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. |
| | | Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | : | Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. |
| Additional advice | : | For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet. |

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| Technical measures | | Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Advice on safe handling | : | Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires. |
| Avoidance of contact | : | Strong oxidising agents. |
| Product Transfer | : | Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation. |

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| Furthe age sta | r information on stor- ability | : | place. | ghtly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated led and closable containers. |
| | | | Store at ambient | temperature. |
| Packa | ging material | : Suitable material: For containers or conta steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. | | |
| Contai | ner Advice | : | : Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high te peratures because of possible risk of distortion. | |

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type | Control parame- | Basis |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|----------|
| | | (Form of | ters / Permissible | |
| | | exposure) | concentration | |
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | OSHA Z-1 |
| Oil mist, mineral | | TWA (Inhal- | 5 mg/m3 | ACGIH |
| | | able particu- | | |
| | | late matter) | | |

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

| Engineering measures | : | The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. |
|----------------------|---|---|
| | | Adequate ventilation to control alloome concentrations. |

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| | | | heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is or airborne concentrations to be generated. |
| | | controls. Educate and train measures relevan product. Ensure appropriat equipment used to equipment, local e Drain down system nance. Retain drain dowr subsequent recyc Always observe g washing hands af drinking, and/or su protective equipm | s for safe handling and maintenance of workers in the hazards and control at to normal activities associated with this te selection, testing and maintenance of o control exposure, e.g. personal protective exhaust ventilation. m prior to equipment break-in or mainte- ns in sealed storage pending disposal or le. ood personal hygiene measures, such as ter handling the material and before eating, moking. Routinely wash work clothing and pent to remove contaminants. Discard con- g and footwear that cannot be cleaned. |
| Per | sonal protective equipme | ent | |
| Res | piratory protection | conditions of use. In accordance wit tions should be ta If engineering con tions to a level wh select respiratory cific conditions of Check with respira Where air-filtering priate combination Select a filter suita | h good industrial hygiene practices, precau- ken to avoid breathing of material. htrols do not maintain airborne concentra- nich is adequate to protect worker health, protection equipment suitable for the spe- use and meeting relevant legislation. atory protective equipment suppliers. respirators are suitable, select an appro- n of mask and filter. able for the combination of organic gases particles [Type A/Type P boiling point |
| | d protection Remarks | gloves approved t US: F739) made f suitable chemical gloves Suitability a usage, e.g. freque sistance of glove t glove suppliers. C Personal hygiene Gloves must only gloves, hands sho cation of a non-pe | act with the product may occur the use of to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, from the following materials may provide protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber and durability of a glove is dependent on ency and duration of contact, chemical re- material, dexterity. Always seek advice from contaminated gloves should be replaced. is a key element of effective hand care. be worn on clean hands. After using puld be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- erfumed moisturizer is recommended. ontact we recommend gloves with break- |

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| | | | 480 minutes when short-term/splash recognize that sui may not be availa time maybe accept and replacement a good predictor of dependent on the Glove thickness s | ore than 240 minutes with preference for > re suitable gloves can be identified. For protection we recommend the same but table gloves offering this level of protection ble and in this case a lower breakthrough otable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is exact composition of the glove material. hould be typically greater than 0.35 mm glove make and model. |
| Eye | e protection | : | | lled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ar is recommended. |
| Ski | n and body protection | Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standa work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves. | | |
| Pro | tective measures | : | | ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom- standards. Check with PPE suppliers. |
| The | ermal hazards | : | Not applicable | |
| En | vironmental exposure co | ontr | ols | |

General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | : Liquid at room temperature. |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Colour | : amber |
| Odour | : Data not available |
| Odour Threshold | : Data not available |
| рН | : Not applicable |
| pour point | : -30 °C / -22 °F Method: ISO 3016 |
| Melting / freezing point | Data not available |

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| | Initial bo range | oiling point and boiling | : | > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s | |
| | Flash p | oint | : | 230 °C / 446 °F | |
| | | | | Method: ISO 259 | 2 |
| | Evapora | ation rate | : | Data not available | e |
| | Flamma Flan | ability nmability (solid, gas) | : | Not applicable | |
| | Flan | nmability (liquids) | : | Not classified as | flammable but will burn. |
| | Upp | explosion limit and upp er explosion limit / up- flammability limit | | | nmability limit |
| | | er explosion limit / er flammability limit | : | Typical 1 %(V) | |
| | Vapour | pressure | : | < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / | 68 °F) |
| | | | | estimated value(s | 5) |
| | Relative | e vapour density | : | > 5 | |
| | Relative | e density | : | 0.879 (15 °C / 59 | °F) |
| | Density | , | : | 879 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ISO 121 | |
| | Solubili Wate | ty(ies) er solubility | : | negligible | |
| | Solu | bility in other solvents | : | Data not available | e |
| | Partition octanol | n coefficient: n- /water | : | log Pow: > 6 (based on inform | ation on similar products) |
| | Auto-igi | nition temperature | : | > 320 °C / 608 °F | : |
| | Decom | position temperature | : | Data not available | e |
| | Viscosit Visc | ty osity, dynamic | : | Data not available | e |
| | Visc | osity, kinematic | : | 46 mm2/s (40.0 ° | °C / 104.0 °F) |
| | | | | Method: ISO 310 | 4 |
| | | | | 6.7 mm2/s (100 ° | C / 212 °F) |
| | | | | Method: ISO 310 | 4 |

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| | | | 580 mm2/s (0 °C | 2 / 32 °F) |
| | | | Method: ISO 310 |)4 |
| Explo | sive properties | : | Classification Co | de: Not classified |
| Oxidiz | zing properties | : | Data not availab | le |
| Cond | uctivity | : | This material is r | not expected to be a static accumulator. |
| SECTION | 10. STABILITY AND RI | EAC | ΤΙVITY | |
| React | tivity | : | | s not pose any further reactivity hazards in listed in the following sub-paragraph. |
| Chem | nical stability | : | Stable. | |
| Possi tions | bility of hazardous reac- | : | Reacts with strong oxidising agents. | |
| Condi | itions to avoid | : | Extremes of tem | perature and direct sunlight. |
| Incom | npatible materials | : | Strong oxidising | agents. |
| Hazaı produ | rdous decomposition | : | No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. | |
| SECTION | 11. TOXICOLOGICAL I | NFC | ORMATION | |
| Basis | for assessment | : | the toxicology of the data presente | is based on data on the components and similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, ed is representative of the product as a n for individual component(s). |

Information on likely routes of exposure Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

| Product: | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Acute oral toxicity | : LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classi- |
|----------------------|---|--|
| | | fication criteria are not met. |

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

| IARC | No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. |
|-----------------------|---|
| OSHA | No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens. |
| NTP | No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. |
| Reproductive toxicity | |

Product:

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| Effect | s on fertility | | a developmental toxicant., Does not impair on available data, the classification criteria are |

not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Basis for assessment | Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s). |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Ecotoxicity | |
| Product: | |
| Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- | |
| ty) | Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |

Practically non toxic:

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| | | | LL/EL/IL50 > 100 | mg/l |
| | y to daphnia and other c invertebrates (Acute /) | : | Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 | |
| Toxicit icity) | y to algae (Acute tox- | : | Remarks: Based are not met. Practically non to: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 | |
| Toxicit icity) | y to fish (Chronic tox- | : | Remarks: Based are not met. | on available data, the classification criteria |
| | y to daphnia and other c invertebrates (Chron- city) | : | Remarks: Based are not met. | on available data, the classification criteria |
| | y to microorganisms toxicity) | : | Remarks: Based are not met. | on available data, the classification criteria |
| Persis | tence and degradabili | ity | | |
| Produ Biodeg | <u>ct:</u> gradability | : | Major constituents components that Persistent per IM0 International Oil F tion: "A non-persis consists of hydroo by volume, distills at least 95% of w | Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund defini- stent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, carbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) hich, by volume, distils at a temperature of ten tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or |
| Bioaco | cumulative potential | | | |
| <u>Produ</u> Bioacc | <u>ct:</u> cumulation | : | Remarks: Contair cumulate. | ns components with the potential to bioac- |
| Mobili | ty in soil | | | |
| <u>Produ</u> Mobilit | | : | | under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be |
| | | | Remarks: Floats of | on water. |

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| | | | |
| Othe | r adverse effects | | |
| Prod | uct: | | |
| Addit matic | ional ecological infor- n | ozone creation Product is a mi | ozone depletion potential, photochemical potential or global warming potential. xture of non-volatile components, which will not air in any significant quantities under normal se. |
| | | Poorly soluble Causes physica | mixture. al fouling of aquatic organisms. |
| | | | s not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- trations less than 1 mg/l. |

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

| Disposal methods | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Waste from residues | Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech- |
| | nical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships. |
| Contaminated packaging | Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. |
| Local legislation Remarks | Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. |

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

| SARA 311/312 Hazards | : | No SARA Hazards |
|----------------------|---|---|
| SARA 313 | : | This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313. |

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate

68649-42-3

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California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

| The components of this product are reported in the following inventories: | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| TSCA | : All components listed. | | | |
| DSL | : All components listed. | | | |

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

| ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms | : | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. |
|--|---|--|
| | | ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- gy Of Chemicals |

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

| rsion) | Revision Date: 06/22/2023 | SDS Number: 800001005120 | Print Date: 06/23/2023 Date of last issue: 02/23/2021 |
|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| | | | ean Chemicals Agency |
| | | | European Inventory of Existing Commercial |
| | | EL50 = Effectiv | |
| | | | ese Existing and New Chemical Substances |
| | | | ean Waste Code |
| | | | y Harmonised System of Classification and |
| | | | itional Agency for Research on Cancer |
| | | | tional Air Transport Association |
| | | | ry Concentration fifty |
| | | IL50 = Inhibitor | |
| | | IMDG = Interna | ational Maritime Dangerous Goods |
| | | | Chemicals Inventory |
| | | | te of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the |
| | | | of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables |
| | | | Existing Chemicals Inventory |
| | | | Concentration fifty |
| | | | Dose fifty per cent. nal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loadir |
| | | LL50 = Lethal I | |
| | | | ernational Convention for the Prevention of |
| | | Pollution From | |
| | | | No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- |
| | | served Effect L | evel |
| | | | cupational Exposure - High Production Volun ent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| | | | pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical |
| | | | cted No Effect Concentration |
| | | | istration Evaluation And Authorisation Of |
| | | Chemicals | |
| | | | ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan |
| | | gerous Goods | • |
| | | | Skin Designation |
| | | | erm exposure limit |
| | | | d Risk Assessment |
| | | | oxic Substances Control Act |
| | | | Veighted Average ersistent and very Bioaccumulative |
| | | | |
| A ver | tical bar () in the left | margin indicates an arr | nendment from the previous version. |
| Sourc | ces of key data used t | o : The quoted da | ta are from, but not limited to, one or more |
| | ile the Sefety Dete | • | rmation (a.g. toxicological data from Shall |

| Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet | : | The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc). |
|---|---|--|
| Revision Date | : | 06/22/2023 |

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 Sholl Tollus S2 M 46

Shell Tellus S2 M 46

| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number: | Print Date: 06/23/2023 |
|---------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 1.9 | 06/22/2023 | 800001005120 | Date of last issue: 02/23/2021 |

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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