According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 Shell Tellus S3 V 32

#### Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 04/29/2023 06/01/2021 800001007577 Date of last issue: -1.0 **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION** : Shell Tellus S3 V 32 Product name Product code : 001D7762 Manufacturer or supplier's details Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA SDS Request : (+1) 877-276-7285 **Customer Service Emergency telephone number** Spill Information : 877-242-7400 Health Information : 877-504-9351 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use : Hydraulic oil Restrictions on use ÷ The Environmental Protection Agency prohibits processing and distribution of this chemical/product for any use other than in aviation hydraulic fluid in aircraft systems lubricants and greases, and new or replacement parts for automobiles and other motor vehicles. In addition, all persons are prohibited from releasing PIP (3:1) to water during manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, and commercial use of PIP (3:1). **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Reproductive toxicity	:	Category 2
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	:	Category 2

#### GHS label elements

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Haza	rd pictograms		
Signa	al word	: Warning	•
Haza	rd statements	HEALTH HAZ/ H361 Suspecte ENVIRONMEN	as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.
Preca	autionary statements	P273 Avoid rel	pecial instructions before use. ease to the environment. otective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection
		<b>Response:</b> P308 + P313 I attention. P391 Collect s	F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ pillage.
		<b>Storage:</b> No precaution	ary phrases
		Disposal:	of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-
		nich must be listed on t ated, phosphate (3:1)	he label: [Triphenyl phosphate > 5%].
		not result in classifica	
Prolo ing in Used High- Not c	nged or repeated skir disorders such as oil oil may contain harm pressure injection und lassified as flammable	a contact without prope acne/folliculitis. ful impurities. der the skin may cause	er cleaning can clog the pores of the skin result-

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
		* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-

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9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		Not Assigned	0 - 90
Phenol, isopropylat- ed, phosphate (3:1) [Triphenyl phosphate > 5%]	Phenol, iso- propylated, phosphate (3:1)	68937-41-7	0.25 - 0.9

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	:	Treat symptomatically.
		High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical inter- vention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- age and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seri- ousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to

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				anaesthetics or ho can contribute to s surgical decompre eign material shou	ent of involvement may be necessary. Local of soaks should be avoided because they swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt ession, debridement and evacuation of for- uld be performed under general anaesthet- oration is essential.
SEC	TION 5	. FIRE-FIGHTING ME	ASL	IRES	
	Suitable	e extinguishing media	:		y or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- may be used for small fires only.
	Unsuita media	ble extinguishing	:	Do not use water	in a jet.
	Specific fighting	c hazards during fire-	:	A complex mixture gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide occurs.	ustion products may include: e of airborne solid and liquid particulates and may be evolved if incomplete combustion nic and inorganic compounds.
	Specific ods	c extinguishing meth-	:		measures that are appropriate to local cir- he surrounding environment.
	Special for firefi	protective equipment ghters	:	gloves are to be w large contact with Breathing Appara a confined space.	equipment including chemical resistant yorn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if spilled product is expected. Self-Contained tus must be worn when approaching a fire in Select fire fighter's clothing approved to s (e.g. Europe: EN469).

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions :	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for : containment and cleaning up	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	<ul> <li>For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> <li>For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of</li> </ul>

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			this Safety Dat	a Sheet.
SECTION	7. HANDLING AND ST	TOR	AGE	
Tech	nical measures	:	vapours, mists Use the inform sessment of lo	ust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of or aerosols. ation in this data sheet as input to a risk as- cal circumstances to help determine appropri- safe handling, storage and disposal of this
Advic	ce on safe handling	:	Avoid inhaling When handling worn and prope	d or repeated contact with skin. vapour and/or mists. product in drums, safety footwear should be er handling equipment should be used. se of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- prevent fires.
Avoic	dance of contact	:	Strong oxidisin	g agents.
Produ	uct Transfer	:		ng and bonding procedures should be used ransfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
	er information on stor- stability	:	place.	tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated beled and closable containers.
			Store at ambie	nt temperature.
Pack	aging material	:		al: For containers or container linings, use mild ensity polyethylene. erial: PVC.
Conta	ainer Advice	:		ontainers should not be exposed to high tem- use of possible risk of distortion.

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

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Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is
		greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte-
		nance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard con- taminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	:	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.
		In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- tions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentra-

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ersion 0	Revision Date: 06/01/2021	SDS Number: 80000100757	Print Date: 04/29/2023 7 Date of last issue: -
		select resp cific condit Check with Where air- priate com Select a fil	evel which is adequate to protect worker health, biratory protection equipment suitable for the spe- ions of use and meeting relevant legislation. In respiratory protective equipment suppliers. filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro- bination of mask and filter. ter suitable for the combination of organic gases rs and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point 9°F)].
Hand protection Remarks		gloves app US: F739) suitable ch gloves Sui usage, e.g sistance of glove supp Personal h Gloves mu gloves, ha cation of a For continu- through tin 480 minute short-term recognize may not be time mayb and replac a good pre- dependent Glove thicl	ad contact with the product may occur the use of proved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, made from the following materials may provide emical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber tability and durability of a glove is dependent on frequency and duration of contact, chemical re- glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from biers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Ist only be worn on clean hands. After using nds should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. Jous contact we recommend gloves with break- te of more than 240 minutes with preference for > es where suitable gloves can be identified. For /splash protection we recommend the same but that suitable gloves offering this level of protection e available and in this case a lower breakthrough e acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance ement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not dictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is on the exact composition of the glove material. cness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm on the glove make and model.
Eye p	protection		is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, eyewear is recommended.
Skin a	and body protection	work cloth	ction is not ordinarily required beyond standard es. practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prote	ctive measures		rotective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- ational standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Therr	nal hazards	: Not applic	able
Envir	onmental exposure o	controls	
Gene	ral advice	vant enviro of the envi	opriate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- onmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination ronment by following advice given in Section 6. If , prevent undissolved material from being dis-

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				municipal or indus discharge to surfa Local guidelines of	water. Waste water should be treated in a strial waste water treatment plant before ace water. on emission limits for volatile substances I for the discharge of exhaust air containing			
SEC	SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES							
	Appear	ance	:	Liquid at room te	mperature.			
	Colour		:	amber				
	Odour		:	Slight hydrocarbo	on			
	Odour <sup>-</sup>	Threshold	:	Data not availabl	e			
	рН		:	Not applicable				
	pour po	int	:	-39 °C / -38 °F Method: ISO 301	6			
	Initial be range	oiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(				
	Flash p	oint	:	200 °C / 392 °F				
				Method: ISO 259	2			
	Evapora	ation rate	:	Data not availabl	e			
	Flamma	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e			
		explosion limit / upper bility limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)				
		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)				
	Vapour	pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)			
				estimated value(	s)			
	Relative	e vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(	s)			
	Relative	e density	: 0.862 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)		59.0 °F)			
	Density		:	862 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: ISO 121				
	Solubili Wat	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible				
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e			

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(	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature		:	log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products) > 320 °C / 608 °F				
I	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not available				
,	Viscosit Visc	ty osity, dynamic	:	Data not available				
	Viscosity, kinematic		:	32 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F)				
				Method: ASTM	0445			
				6.5 mm2/s (100	°C / 212 °F)			
				Method: ASTM	0445			
				1000 mm2/s (-20	) °C / -4 °F)			
				Method: ASTM	0445			
I	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not classified				
(	Oxidizir	ng properties	:	Data not availab	e			
	Conduc	tivity	:	: This material is not expected to be a static accumula				

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.	
Chemical stability	:	Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.	

#### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and
	the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a	
		whole, rather than for individual component(s).

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#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

#### Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the Internation-

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al Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	

Remarks: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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ersion D	Revision Date: 06/01/2021		0S Number: 0001007577	Print Date: 04/29/2023 Date of last issue: -
Basis for assessment		:	for this product. Information given and the ecotoxico Unless indicated tive of the produc ponent(s).(LL/EL/	data have not been determined specifically is based on a knowledge of the components logy of similar products. otherwise, the data presented is representa- t as a whole, rather than for individual com- IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of o prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecoto	oxicity			
<u>Produ</u> Toxici ty)	u <u>ct:</u> ity to fish (Acute toxici-	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Toxic	L50 1-10 mg/l
	ity to daphnia and other ic invertebrates (Acute y)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Toxic	L50 1-10 mg/l
Toxic icity)	ity to algae (Acute tox-	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Toxic	L50 1-10 mg/l
Toxic icity)	ity to fish (Chronic tox-	:	: Remarks: Data not available	
	ity to daphnia and other ic invertebrates (Chron- icity)	:	: Remarks: Data not available	
	ity to microorganisms e toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
<u>Com</u>	oonents:			
Phen	ol, isopropylated, phos	sph	ate (3:1) [Tripheny	/l phosphate > 5%]:
M-Fao icity)	ctor (Acute aquatic tox-	:	1	
M-Factoric toxicit	ctor (Chronic aquatic y)	:	10	
Persi	stence and degradabil	ity		
Produ	uct:			
Biode	gradability	:	Major constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.

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Bioa	accumulative potential						
Proc	duct:						
			Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioac- cumulate.				
Mob	ility in soil						
Proc	duct:						
Mob	Mobility :		Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not mobile.				
		R	emarks: Floa	ts on water.			
Othe	er adverse effects						
Proc	duct:						
	Additional ecological infor- : mation		zone creation roduct is a mi	ozone depletion potential, photochemical potential or global warming potential. xture of non-volatile components, which will not air in any significant quantities under normal se.			
			oorly soluble auses physic	mixture. al fouling of aquatic organisms.			
				s not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- trations less than 1 mg/l.			
SECTION	N 13. DISPOSAL CONS	IDERA	TIONS				
Dier	oosal methods						
•	te from residues	·R	ecover or rec	ycle if possible.			
**43			sibility of the waste generator to determine the				

Waste nom residues	It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis- posed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.

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		Pollution from SI	nternational Convention for the Prevention of hips (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech- controlling pollutions from ships.
Conta	aminated packaging	to a recognized the collector or o Disposal should	rdance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.
<b>Local</b>	l <b>legislation</b>	•	be in accordance with applicable regional,
Rema	arks		al laws and regulations.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **National Regulations**

#### US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### International Regulations

IATA-DGR UN/ID No. Droper ekipping nome	
Proper shipping name	<ul> <li>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.</li> <li>(Phenol, isopropylated phosphate (3:1) (Triphenyl phosphate</li> </ul>
	> 5%)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: 111
Labels	: 9
IMDG-Code	
UN number	: UN 3082
Proper shipping name	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(Phenol, isopropylated phosphate (3:1) (Triphenyl phosphate > 5%)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: III
Labels	: 9
Marine pollutant	: yes

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

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#### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

#### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	1000	*
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100	*

\*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

#### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	: R	eproductive toxicity
SARA 313	kr	his material does not contain any chemical components with nown CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) eporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### **Clean Water Act**

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.017 %
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.0003 %

#### US State Regulations

#### Pennsylvania Right To Know

methyl methacrylate

80-62-6

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The Environmental Protection Agency prohibits processing and distribution of this chemical/product for any use other than in aviation hydraulic fluid in aircraft, lubricants and greases, and new or replacement parts for automobiles and other motor vehicles. In addition, all persons are prohibited from releasing PIP (3:1) to water during manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, and commercial use of PIP (3:1).

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

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EINEC	CS	: All components	listed or polymer exempt.	
TSCA		: All components	listed.	
DSL		: All components	listed.	

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 2, 1, 0 tivity)

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

### Shell Tellus S3 V 32

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	
1.0	06/01/2021	800001007577	
		IATA = Interna IC50 = Inhibito IL50 = Inhibito IMDG = Interna INV = Chinese IP346 = Institu determination KECI = Korea LC50 = Lethal LD50 = Lethal LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal MARPOL = Int Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect I OE_HPV = Oc PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predia REACH = Reg Chemicals RID = Regulat gerous Goods SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short = TRA = Targete TSCA = US To	ational Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory ute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. hal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading Loading fifty ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- level ecupational Exposure - High Production Volume ent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic opine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical cted No Effect Concentration jistration Evaluation And Authorisation Of

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	06/01/2021

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